

cordingly, and if the jury shall find that the full amount [for which the] *due upon* said mortgage [was given] has been paid, then satisfaction shall be entered on the record as aforesaid. *But* [and] in all cases where the legal or equitable holder or holders of such mortgage, or of any interest therein, at the time of such payment shall have been a building and loan association, or other corporation, whose existence in law has terminated or become doubtful, or whose affairs have been wound up, a copy of the petition and [the] notice required by this act shall be served on either the president or treasurer last in office [in] of said association or corporation, if he is to be found in the county, otherwise [public] notice [shall be given in one or more newspapers within or nearest to the county,] *by advertisement shall be given* in the manner aforesaid.

Service where building and loan association has terminated.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

APPROVED—The 13th day of May, A. D. 1931.

GIFFORD PINCHOT

No. 92

AN ACT

Authorizing school districts, with the assent of the electors duly obtained at an election, to use moneys borrowed, or authorized to be borrowed, for purposes which have proved impracticable or impossible, for any other lawful municipal purpose.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That whenever any school district has increased its indebtedness, with the assent of the electors of such school district, in accordance with the provisions of an act, approved the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred seventy-four (Pamphlet Laws, sixty-five), entitled "An act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities, to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof," and the amendments and supplements thereto, and the purpose for which said increase was asked and assent obtained has proved to be impracticable or impossible, the board of directors of any such school district may, by a resolution, signify a desire to use the money so borrowed or authorized to be borrowed for any other lawful school district purpose; and the said moneys so borrowed, or authorized to be borrowed, may be used for such other purpose, if the assent of the electors thereto is obtained as herein provided.

School districts.

Increase of indebtedness under act of April 20, 1874 (P. L. 65).

Use of moneys for other purpose with consent of electors.

Section 2. The board of directors of any such school district shall give notice during at least thirty days, by

Notice of election.

Contents.	weekly advertisements in newspapers, not exceeding three, in the district, and, if no newspaper be published therein, then by at least twenty printed handbills posted in public places in said district, of an election to be held at the place or places of holding the municipal elections, on a day to be by them fixed. Such notices shall state: (a) The date of such election; (b) the amount of money theretofore borrowed or authorized to be borrowed; (c) the purpose for which such money was originally authorized; (d) the reason why said money may not be used for the purpose for which it was borrowed or authorized to be borrowed; (e) the new purpose for which the board of directors of the school district desire to use said money borrowed or authorized to be borrowed.
Certified copies to be filed.	A certified copy of the resolution hereinbefore required, and of the above notice, shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the court of quarter sessions.
Time of holding election.	Section 3. The board of directors of the school district shall, in all cases, fix the time of the holding of any such election on the day of the municipal or general or other special election, unless more than ninety days elapse between the date of the ordinance and the day of holding the municipal or general or other special election. If any day other than the day of the municipal or general or other special election day is fixed, the expense of holding the election shall be paid by the school district.
Expenses.	Section 4. Such election shall be held at the place, time, and under the same regulations as provided by law for the holding of municipal elections; and the question to be submitted to the electors shall be in the following form:
Question.	Shall the sum of dollars, heretofore borrowed or authorized to be borrowed by the school district of, for the purpose of, be used by the said school district for the purpose of?
Ballot.	The ballot shall be prepared in the manner provided by the general election law for the submission of similar questions.
Conduct of election.	Section 5. The election shall be conducted by the regular election officers. The election officers shall count the tickets cast at such election, and make a return thereof to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the county, duly certified as is required by law. In receiving and counting, and in making return of the votes cast, the inspectors, clerks, and judges of election shall be governed by the laws of this Commonwealth governing municipal elections, and the vote shall be counted by the court as is now provided by laws governing municipal elections. All penalties of the said election laws for violation thereof are hereby extended
Penalties.	

to and shall apply to the voters, inspectors, judges, and clerks voting at and in attendance upon elections held under the provisions of this act.

Section 6. The clerk of the court shall make a return of the vote cast upon such question, as filed in his office, to the board of directors of the school district, and the same shall be placed on record among or upon the minutes thereof. Return.

Section 7. If at such election a majority of the electors shall vote in favor of using said borrowed, or authorized to be borrowed, money for the purpose other than that for which it was originally authorized, the said money shall thereafter be used for such new purpose in the same manner as if it had originally been authorized and borrowed for such purpose. Affirmative vote.

APPROVED—The 13th day of May, A. D. 1931.

GIFFORD PINCHOT

No. 93

AN ACT

To amend section two, section four as amended, sections five, six, and seventeen, and to repeal section fifteen, of the act, approved the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand one hundred forty-three), entitled "An act relating to free, public, nonsectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth; providing for their establishment, maintenance, and regulation, and for the maintenance and regulation of such free, public, nonsectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties, cities, boroughs, towns, and townships; and providing that all library property, and all gifts, devises, grants, or endowment for library purposes, shall be exempt from taxation; and providing that the several counties, cities, boroughs, towns, and townships may levy taxes, condemn private property, and borrow money for library purposes; and imposing penalties for injuring library property and for violations of library regulations; and repealing existing laws in relation to the above subjects," excepting cities, boroughs, towns, and townships, where libraries are maintained, from county library districts unless such libraries are merged with the county library, and providing for taxation in such cases.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section two of the act, approved the twentieth day of July, one thousand nine hundred and seventeen (Pamphlet Laws, one thousand one hundred forty-three), entitled "An act relating to free, public, nonsectarian libraries and branch libraries within this Commonwealth; providing for their establishment, maintenance, and regulation, and for the maintenance and regulation of such free, public, nonsectarian libraries as may have been already established by the several counties, cities, boroughs, towns, and townships; and providing that all library property,

Libraries.

Free, public nonsectarian.

Section 2, act of July 20, 1917 (P. L. 1143), amended.