

purpose of extending the lien thereof to the after acquired real estate of such person, the proceedings on such scire facias shall be as provided by law for such writs and shall be concluded without delay, and the lien shall be effective as of the date when the scire facias issued. All such writs of scire facias shall be properly indexed in the judgment docket.

Lien to take effect from date of writ.

Indexing.

APPROVED—The 12th day of June, A. D. 1931.

GIFFORD PINCHOT

No. 163

AN ACT

To amend section three of the act, approved the eleventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws, thirteen), entitled "An act for the protection of the public health, by prohibiting the sale, offering for sale, exposing for sale, or having in possession with intent to sell, of eggs unfit for food, as therein defined, and prohibiting the use of such eggs in the preparation of food products; providing penalties for the violation thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof," making unlawful the sale, possession, and use of incubated and incubator reject eggs, unless such eggs or their containers or foods in which used are properly stamped.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section three of the act, approved the eleventh day of March, one thousand nine hundred and nine (Pamphlet Laws, thirteen), entitled "An act for the protection of the public health, by prohibiting the sale, offering for sale, exposing for sale, or having in possession with intent to sell, of eggs unfit for food, as therein defined, and prohibiting the use of such eggs in the preparation of food products; providing penalties for the violation thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Public health.

Eggs.

Section 3, act of March 11, 1909 (P. L. 13), amended.

Section 3. *It shall be unlawful to sell, offer for sale, have in possession with intent to sell, either in shell, in broken out frozen masses, or in any condition whatsoever, incubated or incubator reject eggs or eggs which have been subjected to incubation, whether natural or artificial, for a period of eight days or over, unless each egg or container of such eggs not in shell shall be branded, marked, or stamped with the words "incubated egg" or "incubated eggs," and it shall be unlawful to use any such incubated eggs in the preparation of or as a part of a food or foods, unless such food or foods shall be branded, marked, or stamped with the words "incubated eggs used."*

Use of incubated or incubator rejected eggs, unless stamped prohibited.

Use of such eggs in foods.

[That] It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporate body, by himself, herself, itself or themselves,

Use of decayed or decomposed eggs.

Proviso.

or by his, her, its or their agents, servants, or employes, to use eggs that are either wholly or partly decayed or decomposed, in the preparation of food products: And provided further, That there shall be no delivery, sale, purchase, or acceptance of wholly or partly decayed or decomposed eggs in or at any establishment where food products are prepared or manufactured.

APPROVED—The 12th day of June, A. D. 1931.

GIFFORD PINCHOT

No. 164

AN ACT

To amend sections one, two, and three of the act, approved the twentieth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws, twenty-five), entitled "An act for the protection of the public health, and to prevent fraud and deception in the manufacture, sale, offering for sale, exposing for sale, and having in possession with intent to sell, of adulterated or deleterious ice cream, including coated ice cream and the coating thereof; fixing a standard of butter-fat for ice cream; providing penalties for the violation thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof," by extending the provisions of said act to sherbets and ices, and prohibiting the unlawful use of certain equipment, cabinets, cans, and containers, and the removal and erasing of owners and manufacturers' marks therefrom or their concealment.

Ice cream, sherbets and ices.

Section 1, act of March 20, 1923 (P. L. 25), amended.

Sale of adulterations prohibited.

"Sherbet," defined.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section one of the act, approved the twentieth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws, twenty-five), entitled "An act for the protection of the public health, and to prevent fraud and deception in the manufacture, sale, offering for sale, exposing for sale, and having in possession with intent to sell, of adulterated or deleterious ice cream, including coated ice cream and the coating thereof; fixing a standard of butter-fat for ice cream; providing penalties for the violation thereof, and providing for the enforcement thereof," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That it is unlawful for any person, association, partnership, or corporation, by himself, herself, itself or themselves, or by his, her or their agents, servants or employes, to sell, offer for sale, expose for sale, or have in possession with intent to sell ice cream, including coated ice cream and the coating thereof, or *sherbet* or *ice*, which is adulterated within the meaning of this act.

*For the purpose of this act, the word "sherbet" is hereby defined to be the product made from milk or milk products and including ice cream mix, approved*