

No. 381

## AN ACT

SB 656

To provide for an additional law judge of the court of common pleas in the thirty-second judicial district.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1. In addition to the judges provided for in the act of January 8, 1952 (P. L. 1844), entitled "An act to designate the several judicial districts of the Commonwealth, as required by the Constitution, and to provide for the election and commissioning of judges learned in the law for the said districts," an additional law judge is hereby authorized and provided for the court of common pleas of the thirty-second judicial district, who shall possess the same qualifications which are required by the Constitution and laws for the president judge of the court of common pleas of the district and who shall hold his office for a like term and by the same tenure and shall have the same power, authority and jurisdiction and shall be subject to the same duties, restrictions and penalties and shall receive the same compensation provided for by law for judges learned in the law as if the same office had been established in the time of and subject to the provisions of the act of June 1, 1956 (P. L. 1959), entitled "An act fixing the salaries and compensation of the Chief Justice and judges of the Supreme Court, the President Judge and judges of the Superior Court, the judges of the courts of common pleas, the judges of the orphans' courts, the judges of the Municipal Court of Philadelphia and the judges of the County Court and Juvenile Court of Allegheny County, certain associate judges not learned in the law, certain state officers, and the salary and expenses of the members of the General Assembly, and repealing certain inconsistent acts."

Section 2. At the next municipal election in November, 1967, the qualified electors of the thirty-second judicial district shall elect, in the same manner prescribed by law for the election of the president judge of the court of common pleas of the district, a competent person learned in the law to serve as additional law judge of the court of common pleas of the thirty-second judicial district from the first Monday in January, 1968, for a term of ten years. Vacancies in the office hereby created whether caused by death, resignation, expiration of term or otherwise shall be filled in the same manner as is required by law in case of a similar vacancy in the office of president judge of the court.

Section 3. The Governor may appoint a competent person, learned in the law, as additional law judge of the court of common pleas of the thirty-second judicial district to serve until the first Monday of January, 1968.

APPROVED—The 2d day of December, A. D. 1965.

WILLIAM W. SCRANTON

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No. 382

AN ACT

HB 1246

Requiring that transparent glass doors in commercial and public places in buildings open to the public be provided with safety glazing materials or be posted, painted or otherwise marked for the protection of the public; requiring safety glass in certain cases; imposing powers and duties on the Department of Labor and Industry to promulgate standards, rules and regulations; and providing penalties.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any owner, lessee or agent in charge of any building which is open to the public to fail to use safety glazing material or to post signs upon, paint, or otherwise mark, at eye level for both adults and children, in accordance with rules and regulations of the Department of Labor and Industry, all transparent glass doors in public and commercial places in such building the full length of which are glass or which are glass to the extent that they present a hazard by reason of it not being readily apparent whether such doors are open or closed.

It shall be unlawful for any owner, lessee or agent in charge of any building open to the public to <sup>1</sup>install or replace glass other than with safety glass after January 1, 1966, in those openings subject to human impact such as entrance ways, storm doors, patio doors and shower enclosures, including transparent glass immediately adjacent thereto, in accordance with the standards, rules and regulations of the Department of Labor and Industry. The term "safety glass" as used in this act shall mean any product composed of glass so manufactured, fabricated or treated as to contain the safety features of laminated, wired or tempered glass.

Section 2. Any owner, lessee or agent in charge of a building open to the public who violates the provisions of section 1 of this act shall, upon summary conviction, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than ten

<sup>1</sup>"instal" in original.