
 CHAPTER LXXVII.

AN ACT FOR THE PREVENTING OF SWINE RUNNING AT LARGE.

Whereas great and manifest damage has accrued to the inhabitants of this province by suffering of swine to run at large without rings or yokes:

[Section I.] Be it therefore enacted by the Proprietary and Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the freemen of this Province and Territories in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the first day of the First month next, no swine shall go at large without sufficient rings in the noses and yokes on their necks, in any of the three counties of Bucks, Philadelphia or Chester, within eight miles distance of the river Delaware; or in the town of Newcastle or marsh adjoining; or in the town of Lewes, or on any of the town lands between the creek, or the eastermost branch of the creek, called Pegan Creek (though ringed and yoked), on the penalty of forfeiting all such swine, the one-half to the proprietary and governor, and the other half to such person upon whose land the swine shall be taken up, secured or killed, any law of this government to the contrary notwithstanding.

Passed November 27, 1700; repealed by resolution of the Assembly passed October 17, 1701, and by the Act of Assembly, passed October 28, 1701, Chapter 105. See I Votes, 159, and the Acts of Assembly, passed November 27, 1700, Chapter 56; and October 28, 1701, Chapter 111.

 CHAPTER LXXVIII.

AN ACT THAT NO PUBLIC HOUSE OR INN WITHIN THIS GOVERNMENT BE KEPT WITHOUT LICENSE.

For preventing of disorder and the mischiefs that may happen by multiplicity of public houses of entertainment:

[Section I.] Be it enacted by the Proprietary and Governor, by and with the advice and consent of the freemen of this Province

and Counties annexed in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same, That no person or persons whatsoever, within this government, shall hereafter have or keep any public inn, tavern, alehouse, victualling house or other public house of entertainment, unless such person or persons shall first have license for the same from the proprietary and governor, his heirs, or his or their deputy or lieutenant-governor for the time being, under the penalty of five pounds. And that no person so licensed as aforesaid shall knowingly suffer any disorder or unlawful actions in such his, her or their house, under the penalty of forty shillings for the first offense, and for the second offense to be suppressed by the justices in the county court; and that no such innkeeper, taverner or person as aforesaid shall presume to continue such public house of entertainment of his own accord after such suppression, without new license as aforesaid, under the penalty of ten pounds, five pounds whereof to go to the proprietary and governor, and five pounds thereof to the use of the poor of the county where such offense shall be committed; and all such innkeepers or persons selling liquors shall keep good entertainment for man and horse, under the penalty of forfeiting forty shillings for the use aforesaid.

Passed November 27, 1700; repealed by the Queen in Council, February 7, 1705-6. See Appendix I, Section II, and the Act of Assembly, passed February 28, 1710-11, Chapter 172.

CHAPTER LXXIX.

AN ACT FOR THE BETTER ASSESSING AND RAISING OF COUNTY LEVIES FOR THIS PRESENT YEAR, 1700.

Whereas by an act passed this present Assembly, entitled "An act for raising county levies,"¹ the freemen of this province and territories are empowered, at the time they choose assemblymen, to choose also six assessors to assist in levying

¹Chapter 32.