

stay legal proceedings, except in certain cases, against banks, bank and trust companies, and trust companies where any such corporation has guaranteed, or otherwise obligated itself, to pay in cash the amount or value of trust, or other funds, placed with it for investment, and the same have been invested in mortgages, or participations in mortgages, or in pools or funds of mortgages, and suspending the operation of the Statute of Limitations, and inconsistent acts of Assembly," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 1. In all cases where any bank, bank and trust company, or trust company has guaranteed or otherwise obligated itself to pay in cash, the amount or value of trust or other funds deposited or placed with it for investment, and such trust funds have been in good faith invested by such bank, bank and trust company, or trust company in mortgages on real estate, participations in mortgages, or in pools or funds of mortgages on real estate, any court in this Commonwealth, in which any suit or proceeding is now pending, or may be hereafter brought affecting such trust or other funds, including exceptions filed to accounts of fiduciaries, may, upon such terms and conditions as to it seem necessary and proper under the circumstances of each case, grant proper stays of proceedings, in accordance with provisions of this act, including stays of execution where any suit or proceeding has been reduced to judgment: Providing, however, That no stay, so granted, shall extend beyond March thirty-first, nineteen [thirty-seven] *thirty-nine*.

Banks and trust companies.

Trust estate to be paid in cash.

Trust funds invested in mortgages.

Courts empowered to stay the enforcement of trust agreements.

Proviso.

Section 2. This act shall become effective immediately upon its final enactment.

When effective.

APPROVED—The 20th day of May, A. D. 1937.

GEORGE H. EARLE

No. 202

AN ACT

To amend sections one, two, three, and section nine, as amended, of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws, eight hundred eighty-eight), entitled "An act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting, quarantining, and control of diseases declared communicable by this act or by regulation of the Department of Health; providing for the prevention of infection therefrom; and prescribing penalties," by eliminating list of communicable diseases; and giving authority to the Department of Health to declare by regulation what diseases are communicable, or communicable and quarantinable; shortening re-

ports required of physicians in such cases; clarifying the duration of placarding; and empowering the Department of Health to obtain additional information from local health authorities.

Section 1, act of
June 23, 1923
(P. L. 888),
amended.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That section one of the act, approved the twenty-eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-three (Pamphlet Laws, eight hundred eighty-eight), entitled "An act to safeguard human life and health throughout the Commonwealth by providing for the reporting, quarantining, and control of diseases declared communicable by this act or by regulation of the Department of Health; providing for the prevention of infection therefrom; and prescribing penalties," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Public health.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That [the following diseases are hereby specifically declared to be communicable, to wit:

Actinomycosis, anterior poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis), anthrax, bubonic plague, cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic), (cerebrospinal fever, spotted fever), chicken pox, Asiatic cholera, diphtheria (diphtheritic croup, membranous croup, putrid sore throat), epidemic dysentery (bacillary or amebic dysentery), erysipelas, German measles, glanders (farcy), rabies (hydrophobia), impetigo contagiosa, leprosy, malarial fever, measles, mumps, pellagra, pneumonia (true), puerperal fever, relapsing fever, scabies, scarlet fever (scarlatina, scarlet rash), smallpox (variola, varioloid), tetanus, trachoma, trichiniasis, tuberculosis in any form, typhoid fever, para typhoid fever, typhus fever, uncinariasis, whooping cough, or yellow fever.

Department of
Health may de-
clare diseases to
be communicable.

The] *the* Department of Health may, when it deems it necessary to safeguard human life and health, declare [as communicable] *certain* diseases [additional to those hereinbefore specifically so declared] *to be communicable or to be communicable and quarantinable*, but only in the following manner, that is to say:

The Secretary of Health shall call a meeting of the advisory health board, five days' written notice of which shall be sent to each member of the board. The notice shall state the time and place of meeting and the fact that a proposed regulation will be presented declaring a certain disease or diseases—setting it or them forth by name—to be communicable. The notice shall also state such of the diseases as should, in the opinion of the Secretary of Health, be quarantinable or reportable, or both, and the quarantine period therefor.

Upon the affirmative vote of four members of the advisory health board personally present, any disease or diseases set forth in the proposed regulation is or are hereby declared communicable, with the same force and effect as if expressly enumerated in this act. Any such

disease is hereby further declared quarantinable or reportable, or both, as may be provided in the regulation, with the force and effect hereinbefore referred to.

The regulation may be amended at such meeting so as to eliminate some or any of the diseases set forth in the notice, but no disease shall be declared communicable which is not contained in the notice.

Every physician practicing in any portion of this Commonwealth who shall treat or examine any person suffering from or affected with any disease [herein specifically] declared [communicable and reportable, or] by regulation [declared] *to be* communicable and reportable, shall, if said case shall be located in a township of the first class, a borough, or a city, forthwith make a report in writing to the health authorities of said township, city, or borough; and, if said case shall be located in a township of the second class, or a city, borough, or township of the first class not having a board of health or body acting as such, to the health officer appointed by the Department of Health for such district; upon blanks for that purpose, in which report he shall, over his or her own signature, state the name of the disease, and the name [age, sex, color, nativity, and occupation, if any] of the person suffering therefrom, together with the street and house number of the premises in which said person may be located, or otherwise sufficiently designate the same, the date of the onset of the disease, the name [and occupation] of the householder in whose family the disease may have occurred, [the number of children in said household attending school and the name or names of the school or schools so attended] together with such information relating to said case as may be required by said health authorities and the Department of Health.

Section 2. That section two of said act is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 2. Upon receipt by the health authorities of any township of the first class, borough, or city, or by the health officer of the Department of Health, of a report of the existence of a case [of anterior poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis), bubonic plague, cerebrospinal meningitis (epidemic), (cerebrospinal fever, spotted fever), chicken pox, Asiatic cholera, diphtheria (diphtheritic croup, membranous croup, putrid sore throat), German measles, leprosy, measles, mumps, scarlet fever (scarlatina, scarlet rash), smallpox (variola, varioloid), typhoid fever, para typhoid fever, typhus fever, whooping cough, yellow fever, or] of any [diseases] *disease* declared communicable and quarantinable by regulation as hereinbefore provided, the said health authorities, or health officer or medical representative of the Department of Health, as the case may be, shall quarantine or cause to be quarantined, in the manner prescribed by the

Duty of physician to report communicable disease.

Contents of report.

Section 2, amended.

Duties of health officers upon receipt of report.

Establishment of quarantine.

Placarding premises.	rules or regulations of the Department of Health or of the local health authorities, the premises in which such disease exists and any person or persons who has or have been exposed thereto, or any person or persons who, in the opinion of the attending physician, health authorities, or a medical representative of the Department of Health, is or are reasonably suspected of having such disease, by quarantining such person or persons either upon the premises in which the disease exists or in a place designated in this State for the isolation, control, and treatment of communicable disease, in the manner prescribed by the rules and regulations both of the said health authorities and the Department of Health; and shall post or cause to be posted, in a conspicuous place or places upon the premises in which the said disease may be located, a placard or placards, upon which shall be
Contents of placard.	printed in conspicuous letters the name of the disease from which the person or persons in said house or premises is or are suffering, with the warning that said premises are under quarantine, that no person or persons other than the attending physician and trained nurse shall enter or leave the said premises, except by permission of the health authorities, and setting forth the penalties prescribed by this act for violations of quarantine: Provided, That, in the case of a person or persons suspected of suffering from disease or diseases of the
Proviso.	generative organs, no quarantine shall be established or caused to be established by health officers or representatives of the Department of Health until it is reasonably certain, from personal examination or laboratory tests or from evidence which has been furnished to the Department of Health or to any board, bureau, or department of health, that the person or persons is or are suffering from diseases of the generative organs, but this proviso shall not prevent the quarantine of persons known to be prostitutes and reasonably suspected of suffering from diseases of the generative organs and of being a menace to the health of the community: Provided further, That variola or varioloid shall be placarded as
Diseases of the generative organs.	"smallpox," and that diphtheritic croup, membranous croup, and putrid sore throat shall be placarded as "diphtheria," that scarlatina and scarlet rash shall be placarded as "scarlet fever," and that para typhoid fever shall be placarded as "typhoid fever": Provided further, That in addition to the placarding, said health authorities may, for the purpose of enforcing quarantine regulations, place a guard or guards over the said house or houses or premises.
Proviso.	Section 3. That section three of said act is hereby amended to read as follows:
Names to be given diseases on placard.	Section 3. That the said placards shall remain in place until the expiration of the quarantine period fixed
Proviso.	
Guarding of premises.	
Section 3, amended.	
Duration of placarding.	

by the local health authorities and the Department of Health, [and the recovery, death, or removal of the person or persons affected] and shall only be removed by the health officer after the destruction or disinfection of infected bedding, clothing, and other articles which have been exposed to infection, and the disinfection of rooms, premises, and inmates, as may be prescribed by the regulations of local health authorities or the Department of Health.

Disinfection of premises.

Section 4. That section nine of said act, as amended by the act, approved the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-seven (Pamphlet Laws, sixty), is hereby further amended to read as follows:

Section 9, as amended by act of March 24, 1927 (P. L. 60), further amended.

Section 9. The secretary of the board of health, or health officer where council fails to appoint a board of health, of the several cities, boroughs, and townships of the first class shall, at the end of each week and for the fraction of a week occurring at the end of each month, report to the Department of Health, upon blanks supplied for that purpose, a list of all cases of communicable diseases comprehended by section one of this act which have been reported to them during said period; which report shall contain the name of each person suffering therefrom respectively, and his or her age, sex, color, and nativity, together with the name of the disease and the date of the onset thereof; *and such additional data as the Department of Health may by rules and regulations require*; and, in the event of no reports of any of said diseases having been received by the aforesaid health authorities, respectively, during any said period, that fact shall be reported to the Department of Health.

Weekly reports by the secretary of board of health or health officer.

APPROVED—The 20th day of May, A. D. 1937.

GEORGE H. EARLE

No. 203

AN ACT

Providing for the fixing of the salaries and compensation of officers, clerks, stenographers, and employes appointed by judges of the courts of this Commonwealth in counties of the second class where salary boards exist by law.

Section 1. Be it enacted, &c., That in any of the counties of the second class of this Commonwealth, where a salary board exists by law, the salaries and compensation of all officers, clerks, stenographers, and employes appointed by the judges of any courts of such counties, and who are paid from the county treasury, shall be fixed by the salary board of such counties as in the case of all other county employes.

Salary board to fix salaries of court employes in counties of the second class.