of not more than one year [, and may be renewed upon the payment of an annual fee of five dollars (\$5.00)]. The license shall state the name of the licensee or licensees, the particular premises where such boarding house may be maintained, operated, and conducted, and the number of infants which may be boarded therein at one time. [All license fees collected and received by the Department of Welfare under the provisions of this act shall be paid into the State Treasury, through the Department of Revenue.]

Act effective immediately.

Section 2. This act shall take effect immediately. APPROVED—The 15th day of December, A. D. 1959.

DAVID L. LAWRENCE

No. 670

AN ACT

Providing for the orderly disposition of properties situate within political subdivisions and donated, or otherwise dedicated or offered for dedication, where no formal record appears as to acceptance by the political subdivision, as public parks, squares or similar uses and public buildings, and no longer necessary or practicable for such purposes, and granting orphans' courts jurisdiction with respect thereto.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1. As used in this act-

(1) "Lands" shall mean all real estate, whether improved or unimproved,

(2) "Buildings" shall mean all structures, including without limitation open air theatres, halls, museums, libraries and other buildings.

(3) "Public facility" shall mean without limitation any park, theatre, open air theatre, square, museum, library, concert hall, recreation facility or other public use.

Section 2. All lands or buildings heretofore or hereafter donated to a policical subdivision for use as a public facility, or dedicated to the public use or offered for dedication to such use, where no formal record appears as to acceptance by the political division, as a public facility and situate within the bounds of a political subdivision, regardless of whether such dedication occurred before or after the creation or incorporation of the political subdivision, as trustee, for the benefit of the public with full legal title in the said trustee.

Section 3. All such lands and buildings held by a political subdivision, as trustee, shall be used for the purpose or purposes for which they were originally dedi-

Public trusts.

Definitions.

Dedicated and undedicated land and buildings for public use to be deemed a trust of the political subdivision wherein situate, which may apply to the orphans' court upon discontinuance of purposes of trust of acceptance of dedication, upon specified notice, for consideration and determination of the trust property. cated or donated, except insofar as modified by court order pursuant to this act.

Section 4. When, in the opinion of the political subdivision which is the trustee, the continuation of the original use of the particular property held in trust as a public facility is no longer practicable or possible and has ceased to serve the public interest, or where the political subdivision, as trustee for the benefit of the public, is in doubt as to the effectiveness or the validity of an apparent dedication because of the lack of a record of the acceptance of the dedicated land or buildings, the trustee may apply to the orphans' court of the county in which it is located for appropriate relief. The court may permit the trustee to-

(1) Substitute other lands or property of at least equal size and value held or to be acquired by the political subdivision in exchange for the trust property in order to carry out the trust purposes.

(2) If other property is not available, sell the property and apply the proceeds to carry out the trust purposes.

(3) In the event the original trust purpose is no longer practicable or possible or in the public interest, apply the property or the proceeds therefrom in the case of a sale to a different public purpose.

(4) Relinquish, waive or otherwise quitclaim all right and title of the public in and to such land and buildings as have been apparently dedicated but for which no formal acceptance appears of record: Provided, only, That the court is satisfied upon hearing the evidence that there is no acceptance by implication arising out of public user or otherwise, the court shall also determine the consideration, if any, to be paid to the political subdivision.

Section 5. In all proceedings under this act, the Notice. political subdivision shall give at least ten days' notice of the filing of its petition to the Attorney General who may become a party thereto and shall give notice to the public of the proposed date of the hearing, by publication, once a week for three successive weeks in the official legal journal of the county and in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality, if there be one, or, if not, in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. Any resident of the political subdivision or any group or organization of residents of the political subdivision shall have the right to file a protest and, in the discretion of the court, shall be entitled to be heard in person or by counsel or to intervene in such action and to be a party thereto.

Construction.

Section 6. Nothing in this act shall be construed to limit or affect the control by a political subdivision of public lands or buildings acquired by such political subdivision by purchase or condemnation.

Act effective immediately.

Section 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

APPROVED-The 15th day of December, A. D. 1959.

DAVID L. LAWRENCE

No. 671

AN ACT

Amending the act of June 24, 1939 (P. L. 872), entitled "An act to consolidate, amend and revise the penal laws of the Common-wealth," prohibiting the sale of starter pistols to minors.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Penn-

The Penal Code.

Act of June 24, 1939, P. L. 872, amended by adding a new section 626.1. Section 1. The act of June 24, 1939 (P. L. 872), known as "The Penal Code," is amended by adding, after section 626, a new section to read:

sylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 626.1. Sale of Starter Pistols to Minors.— Whoever sells, causes to be sold, gives or furnishes to any person under the age of eighteen years any pistol, commonly referred to as "starter pistol," specially designed to receive and discharge blank cartridges only or similar pistol, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500) or undergo imprisonment for not more than one (1) year, or both. Nothing in this section, however, shall prohibit the use of said starter pistols for the purpose of starting or officiating at track and field events, athletic or endurance contests, or other similar events.

APPROVED—The 15th day of December, A. D. 1959. DAVID L. LAWRENCE

No. 672

AN ACT

To validate certain proceedings for municipal improvements, municipal assessments, municipal claims, and municipal liens in the several cities of the third class, boroughs, and townships of the first class of this Commonwealth; and validating such improvements, assessments, claims, and liens; providing for the filing of claims and liens therefor, and the proceedings for the collection of such assessments, claims, and liens.