

ment purposes, including the proceeds of non-debt revenue bonds hereafter issued pursuant hereto, for industrial development purposes, and to assign, transfer and set over to any such authority any contracts which may have been awarded for the construction of projects not begun or, if begun, not completed.

The board of commissioners are further empowered to enter into any and all contracts or agreements with any such authority and/or with any tenant or proposed tenant of any industrial development project and to do any or all things necessary or proper to effectuate the public purpose of this section.

APPROVED—The 12th day of January, A. D. 1968.

RAYMOND P. SHAFER

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No. 4

AN ACT

HB 533

Amending the act of June 2, 1915 (P. L. 736), entitled, as amended, "An act defining the liability of an employer to pay damages for injuries received by an employe in the course of employment; establishing an elective schedule of compensation; providing procedure for the determination of liability and compensation thereunder; and prescribing penalties," increasing and further regulating compensation payments.

The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania hereby enacts as follows:

Section 1. Clauses (a) and (b) and the last paragraph of clause (c) of section 306 and section 307, act of June 2, 1915 (P. L. 736), known as "The Pennsylvania Workmen's Compensation Act," reenacted and amended June 21, 1939 (P. L. 520), and amended December 31, 1965 (P. L. 1284), are amended to read:

Section 306. The following schedule of compensation is hereby established:

(a) For total disability, sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of the wages of the injured employe as defined in section three hundred and nine beginning after the seventh day of total disability, and payable for the duration of total disability, but the compensation shall not be more than [fifty-two dollars and fifty cents] sixty dollars per week nor less than [thirty-one dollars and fifty cents] thirty-five dollars per

week. If at the time of injury, the employe receives wages of [thirty-one dollars and fifty cents] thirty-five dollars per week or less, then he shall receive ninety per centum of the wages per week as compensation, but in no event less than [twenty-one] twenty-two dollars per week. Nothing in this clause shall require payment of compensation after disability shall cease.

(b) For disability partial in character (except the particular cases mentioned in clause (c)) sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of the difference between the wages of the injured employe, as defined in section three hundred and nine, and the earning power of the employe thereafter; but such compensation shall not be more than [forty-two] forty-five dollars per week. This compensation shall be paid during the period of such partial disability except as provided in clause (e) of this section, but for not more than three hundred and fifty weeks. Should ¹ total disability be followed by partial disability, the period of three hundred and fifty weeks shall not be reduced by the number of weeks during which compensation was paid for total disability. The term "earning power," as used in this section, shall in no case be less than the weekly amount which the employe receives after the accident, and in those cases in which the employe works fewer than five days per week for reasons not connected with or arising out of the disability resulting from the injury shall not be less than five times his actual daily wage as fixed by the day, hour, or by the output of the employe; and in no instance shall an employe receiving compensation under this section receive more in compensation and wages combined than a fellow employe in employment similar to that in which the injured employe was engaged at the time of the accident.

(c) For all disability resulting from permanent injuries of the following classes, the compensation shall be exclusively as follows:

* * *

This compensation shall not be more than [fifty-two dollars and fifty cents] sixty dollars per week nor less than [thirty-one dollars and fifty cents] thirty-five dollars per week: Provided, That if at the time of injury the employe receives wages of [thirty-one dollars and fifty cents] thirty-five dollars per week or less then he shall receive ninety per centum of such wages per week as compensation, but in no event less than [twenty-one] twenty-two dollars per week. When an employe works during the healing period, his wages and earning power shall be as defined in this act and he shall not receive more in wages and compensation combined than his wages at the time of the accident as defined in section three hundred and nine. Where any such permanent injury or injuries shall require an amputation at any time after the end of the healing period hereinbefore provided, the

¹ "total" not in original.

employe shall be entitled to receive compensation for the second healing period, and in the case of a second injury or amputation to the same limb prior to the expiration of the first healing period a new healing period shall commence for the period hereinbefore provided, and no further compensation shall be payable for the first healing period.

* * *

Section 307. In case of death, compensation shall be computed on the following basis, and distributed to the following persons:

1. If there be no widow nor widower entitled to compensation, compensation shall be paid to the guardian of the child or children, or, if there be no guardian, to such other persons as may be designated by the board as hereinafter provided, as follows:

(a) If there be one child, thirty-two per centum of wages of deceased, but not in excess of [twenty-two] twenty-five dollars per week.

(b) If there be two children, forty-two per centum of wages of deceased, but not in excess of [twenty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents] thirty-three dollars per week.

(c) If there be three children, fifty-two per centum of wages of deceased, but not in excess of [thirty-six] forty-one dollars per week.

(d) If there be four children, sixty-two per centum of wages of deceased, but not in excess of [forty-two] forty-eight dollars per week.

(e) If there be five children, sixty-four per centum of wages of deceased, but not in excess of [forty-seven dollars and fifty cents] fifty-four dollars per week.

(f) If there be six or more children, sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of wages of deceased, but not in excess of [fifty-two dollars and fifty cents] sixty dollars per week.

2. To the widow or widower, if there be no children, fifty-one per centum of wages, but not in excess of [thirty-four] thirty-nine dollars per week.

3. To the widow or widower, if there be one child, sixty per centum of wages, but not in excess of [forty dollars and fifty cents] forty-six dollars per week.

4. To the widow or widower, if there be two children, sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of wages but not in excess of [forty-seven dollars and fifty cents] fifty-four dollars per week.

4½. To the widow or widower, if there be three or more children, sixty-six and two thirds per centum of wages, but not in excess of [fifty-two dollars and fifty cents] sixty dollars per week.

5. If there be neither widow, widower, nor children entitled to compensation, then to the father or mother, if dependent to any extent

upon the employe at the time of the accident, thirty-two per centum of wages but not in excess of [twenty-two] twenty-five dollars per week: Provided, however, That in the case of a minor child who has been contributing to his parents, the dependency of said parents shall be presumed: And provided further, That if the father or mother was totally dependent upon the deceased employe at the time of the accident, the compensation payable to such father or mother shall be fifty-two per centum of wages, but not in excess of [thirty-three] thirty-eight dollars per week.

6. If there be neither widow, widower, children, nor dependent parent, entitled to compensation, then to the brothers and sisters, if actually dependent upon the decedent for support at the time of his death, twenty-two per centum of wages for one brother or sister, and five per centum additional for each additional brother or sister, with a maximum of thirty-two per centum, such compensation to be paid to their guardian, or if there be no guardian, to such other person as may be designated by the board, as hereinafter provided.

7. Whether or not there be dependents as aforesaid, the reasonable expense of burial, not exceeding seven hundred fifty dollars, which shall be paid by the employer or insurer directly to the undertaker (without deduction of any amounts theretofore paid for compensation or for medical expenses).

Compensation shall be payable under this section to or on account of any child, brother, or sister, only if and while such child, brother, or sister, is under the age of eighteen. No compensation shall be payable under this section to a widow, unless she was living with her deceased husband at the time of his death, or was then actually dependent upon him and receiving from him a substantial portion of her support. No compensation shall be payable under this section to a widower, unless he be incapable of self-support at the time of his wife's death and be at such time dependent upon her for support. If members of decedent's household at the time of his death, the terms "child" and "children" shall include step-children, adopted children and children to whom he stood in loco parentis, and shall include posthumous children. Should any dependent of a deceased employe die or remarry, or should the widower become capable of self-support, the right of such dependent or widower to compensation under this section shall cease: Provided, however, [That upon remarriage of any widow, the compensation of such widow shall continue as hereinbefore provided for one-third of the period during which compensation then remains payable to her: Provided further,] That if, upon investigation and hearing, it shall be ascertained that the widow or widower is living with a man or woman, as the case may be, in meretricious relationship and not married, or the widow living a life of prostitution, the board may order the termination of compensation payable to such widow or widower. If the compensation payable under this section to any person shall, for any cause, cease, the compensa-

tion to the remaining persons entitled thereunder shall thereafter be the same as would have been payable to them had they been the only persons entitled to compensation at the time of the death of the deceased.

The wages upon which death compensation shall be based, shall not in any case be taken to exceed [eighty] ninety dollars per week, nor be less than fifty dollars per week.

[This compensation shall be paid during five hundred weeks and in the case of children entitled to compensation under this section, the compensation of each child, shall continue, after said period of five hundred weeks, until such child reaches the age of eighteen years, at the rate of twenty-four and one-half per centum of wages, but not in excess of sixteen dollars per week, if there is one child; thirty-four and one-half per centum of wages, but not in excess of twenty-one dollars per week, if there are two children; forty-five and one-half per centum of wages, but not in excess of twenty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents per week, if there are three children; fifty-seven per centum of wages, but not in excess of thirty-six dollars per week, if there are four children; sixty-two per centum of wages, but not in excess of thirty-eight dollars and fifty cents per week, if there are five children; and sixty-six and two-thirds per centum of wages, but not in excess of forty-four dollars per week, if there are six children or more.]

The board may, if the best interest of a child or children shall so require, at any time order and direct the compensation payable to a child or children, or to a widow or widower on account of any child or children, to be paid to the guardian of such child or children, or, if there be no guardian, to such other person as the board as hereinafter provided may direct. If there be no guardian or committee of any minor, dependent, or insane employe, or dependent, on whose account compensation is payable, the amount payable on account of such minor, dependent, or insane employe, or dependent may be paid to any surviving parent, or such other person as the board may order and direct, and the board may require any person, other than a guardian or committee, to whom it has directed compensation for a minor, dependent, or insane employe, or dependent to be paid, to render, as and when it shall so order, accounts of the receipts and disbursements of such person, and to file with it a satisfactory bond in a sum sufficient to secure the proper application of the moneys received by such person.

Section 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 1968.

APPROVED—The 17th day of January, A. D. 1968.

RAYMOND P. SHAFER