

1795. term of three years, and from thence to the end of the next session of the General Assembly.

(Since made perp. tual, by chap. 2040, post.)

Passed 18th April, 1795.—Recorded in Law Book No. VI. page 22.

## CHAPTER MDCCCLI.

### *A SUPPLEMENT to the laws for preventing the exportation of flour not merchantable.*

SECT. 1. *BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That* all flour or middlings which shall be brought to any port or place within this state for sale, as and for the flour of wheat, which shall be found, upon examination made by the Inspector of flour, or his deputy, to be or contain a mixture of the flour of Indian corn with flour of wheat, shall be condemned, and the person or persons offering the same for sale shall be adjudged to pay three dollars for each and every cask so condemned, one fourth to the use of the Inspector, and the other three fourths to the use of the poor of the city, township or place, where the owner or owners shall reside, if in the state of Pennsylvania; but if they do not reside in the state, it shall be paid to the Managers of the Pennsylvania Hospital, for the use of that institution: and the flour so condemned shall not be exported, under all and every the penalties and forfeitures provided by law against the exportation of flour condemned as not merchantable: *Provided always, That* if the owner, possessor or consignee of any flour or middlings, which shall be adjudged to be condemned by the Inspector of flour, agreeably to the terms of this act, shall believe himself aggrieved thereby, it shall and may be lawful for the said owner, possessor or consignee, to make an appeal from the decision of the said Inspector to any Magistrate of the city, county or place, where such forfeiture has been made, who shall thereupon issue his warrant to three judicious disinterested persons, one thereof to be named by himself, one other by the Inspector, and the other by the owner or consignee of the flour, directing them carefully to examine such flour or middlings, and forthwith make report to him touching the mixture of the same; and if they, or any two of them, shall report that the same is or doth contain a mixture of flour of Indian corn with the flour of wheat, the said Magistrate shall confirm the judgment of the Inspector, and the party appealing shall pay all costs and charges accruing from such appeal; and if the three triers appointed as aforesaid shall find and report that the same is unmixed flour of wheat, the said magistrate shall adjudge the same to be restored to its original situation, and all costs and charges accruing shall be paid by the Inspector, who condemned the same; but no appeal from the judgment of the Inspector shall be made, unless the same is prosecuted within twenty days after condemnation of any parcel or parcels of flour or middlings by virtue of this act.

(See vol. 1, page 425, 523, vol. 2, page 11, 12, 270-1, and the notes here respectively.)

Flour brought for sale, as flour of wheat, shall be condemned, if there is any flour of Indian corn mixed with it; and penalty thereon.

Appeal to be allowed from the decision of the Inspector.

Proceedings thereon.

Costs to be paid by the owner, if the decision is confirmed.

Otherwise by the Inspector.

The appeal to be prosecuted within twenty days.

SECT. II. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, 1795.* That all penalties herein mentioned shall be recovered, in manner and form, as is directed by the act, entitled "An act to prevent the exportation of bread and flour not merchantable, and for repealing at a certain time all laws heretofore made for that purpose." How the penalties shall be recovered.

Passed 17th April, 1795.—Recorded in Law Book No. V. page 486. (y)

(y) See act of 13th Feb'y, 1811, respecting the package of flour of rye and Indian corn.

## CHAPTER MDCCCLII.

### *An ACT establishing an explicit fee-bill.*

SECT. I. *BE it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the fees of the several officers throughout this commonwealth shall, from and after the first day of October next, be as herein after is ascertained, limited and appointed, viz. Fees of public officers regulated.

That the fees to be received by the Secretary of the commonwealth, for the use of the commonwealth, shall be as follow, viz.

For every marriage licence, one dollar; pedlar's licence to travel with one horse, ten dollars; pedlar's licence to travel without a horse, four dollars; certificate with the great seal, one dollar; certificate with the less seal, sixty-seven cents; ditto without a seal, thirty-three cents; filing a petition and making order thereon, twenty-six cents; pardon with the great seal, twenty cents; pardon with the less seal, ten cents; taking a bond from a public officer, sixty-seven cents; recognizance, thirty-three cents; commission of the Comptroller-General, Register-General, Land-Officers, Auctioneers, Inspectors of lumber, salt provisions, Health-Officer, Measurers of corn and salt, Superintendent of the gun-powder magazine, and Sealer of dry measures, each, including the great seal, one dollar and eighty-seven cents; for commission to a Prothonotary, Clerk of Oyer and Terminer, of Quarter Sessions, and Orphans' Court, Register of wills and Recorder of deeds, Master of the Rolls, Notary Public, to the Sheriff of the county, writ of assistance to a Coroner, each, including the great seal, two dollars; every search, thirteen cents; copies from record, per line of twelve words, one cent. Of the Secretary of the commonwealth

That the fees to be received by the Attorney-General shall be as follow, viz.

For drawing and prosecuting every bill of indictment in the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, to be paid by the party prosecuted, if possessed of property sufficient to pay the same, six dollars; if a bill is found by the grand jury, and the party prosecuted has not property sufficient to pay the same, then to be paid by the county, two dollars; drawing and prosecuting every bill of indictment in the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be paid by the party prosecuted, if the bill be found by the Grand Jury, and if possessed Of the Attorney-General.