

## CHAPTER CXVII.

## AN ACT AGAINST BURGLARY.

[Section I.] Be it enacted by John Evans, Esquire, by the Queen's royal approbation Lieutenant-Governor under William Penn, Esquire, absolute Proprietary and Governor-in-Chief of the Province of Pennsylvania and Territories, by and with the advice and consent of the freemen of the said Province in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same, That whosoever shall break into any mansion-house, whether inset or outset, edifices or buildings within this province with intent to commit felony, shall be publicly whipped with twenty-one stripes on his or her bare back, well laid on, and suffer six months' imprisonment at hard labor; and shall moreover make fourfold satisfaction for what he or she shall be proved to have taken out of the said mansion-house or building; and if unable to make such satisfaction, then he or she shall make satisfaction by servitude for the same as the court shall adjudge. And if such offense shall be committed in the night time the offender shall be whipped and make satisfaction as aforesaid, and suffer twelve months' imprisonment at hard labor and be branded on the forehead with the letter T; and for the second offense shall suffer imprisonment during life.

Passed January 12, 1705-6. Allowed to become a law by lapse of time, in accordance with the proprietary charter, having been considered by the Queen in Council, October 24, 1709, and not acted upon. See Appendix II, Section III, and the Act of Assembly passed May 31, 1718, Chapter 236 and note thereto.

## CHAPTER CXVIII.

## AN ACT AGAINST ROBBING AND STEALING.

[Section I.] Be it enacted by John Evans, Esquire, by the Queen's royal approbation Lieutenant-Governor under William Penn, Esquire, absolute Proprietary and Governor-in-Chief of