

pliance with the said regulation will be rendered much more easy and less disadvantageous:

[Section II.] Be it therefore enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no payments upon any contracts made upon the former currency of money, as by a late law of this province it was established, shall be made after any other rate than the aforesaid of five pence halfpenny for every pennyweight of silver, and so proportionably. And for Peru's and Lion or Dog dollars, as aforesaid; and that all payments that are not according to the said proclamation, unless the contract was for sterling or according to some other particular rate, shall be made according to the regulation hereinbefore established, and not otherwise.

Passed January 12, 1705-6. Repealed by the Queen in Council, October 24, 1709. See Appendix II, Sections II and III, and the Act of Assembly passed April 30, 1709, Chapter 166.

CHAPTER CLXIII.

AN ACT FOR SELLING THE OLD COURT-HOUSE AND BUILDING A NEW COURT-HOUSE AND PRISON IN THE COUNTY OF BUCKS.

Whereas the grand juries of the said county have presented the necessity of building a court-house as aforesaid, and a petition being presented to this House from many of the freeholders, setting forth the necessity thereof and requesting that it may be affixed in the town of Bristol the former place being too remote from most of the inhabitants of the said county and that several of them have voluntarily subscribed for carrying on and encouraging the same: it is therefore humbly requested that it may be enacted:

[Section I.] And be it enacted by John Evans, Esquire, by the Queen's royal approbation Lieutenant-Governor under William Penn, Esquire, absolute Proprietary and Governor-in-Chief of the Province of Pennsylvania and Territories, by and with the advice and consent of the freemen of the said Province in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same, That it

shall and may be lawful for Joseph Growdon, Samuel Dark, Tobias Dymock, Joseph Kirkbride and William Paxson, or any three or more of them, to make public sale of the old court-house and prison with the appurtenances thereunto belonging for the most it will yield, and a deed or conveyance thereof to make under their hands and county seal; which deed or conveyance so made shall be good to the purchaser, his heirs and assigns forever. And the money so raised shall be paid by the said justices towards the building of a new court-house and prison in the town of Bristol aforesaid.

[Section II.] And be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That a court-house and prison shall be built in the said town of Bristol upon a piece of ground late in the tenure and occupation of Samuel Carpenter, and by him freely and absolutely given, granted and confirmed unto Joseph Growdon, Tobias Dymock, Joseph Kirkbride and Edward Mayes, for the use of the inhabitants of the county of Bucks forever, for the erecting and building a prison and court-house thereon; which said piece of land is one hundred feet square and containeth about thirty-six perches and a half; and is bounded westerly on Cedar street, northerly on Peter Webster's land, and easterly and southerly on other land of the said Samuel Carpenter.

[Section III.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the assessors of the said county to assess and raise so much more money as will complete and finish the same as shall be concluded and agreed upon by the justices and grand jury of the said county in open court.

[Section IV.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That for the future, elections of representatives for the said county to serve in assembly, and assessors and all other officers to be elected according to law and charter, shall be made in the said town of Bristol, any law, custom or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Passed January 12, 1705-6. Allowed to become a law by lapse of time in accordance with the proprietary charter, having been considered by the Queen in Council, October 24, 1709, and not acted upon. See Appendix II, Section III, and the Act of Assembly passed February 22, 1717-18, Chapter 229.