

[Section XIX.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said wardens shall yearly and every year lay their accounts of the money by them received and disbursed for the purposes herein mentioned before the committee of assembly for the time being appointed for the settlement of the public accounts, to be by them examined, adjusted and laid before the assembly then sitting.

[Section XX.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this act shall be and continue in force to the eighth day of February, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine, and from thence to the [end of the] next sitting of assembly and no longer.

[Section XXI.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the act, entitled "An act for appointing wardens for the port of Philadelphia and for the regulating pilots plying in the river and bay of Delaware, and the price of pilotage to and from the said port,"¹ be and is hereby repealed and made null and void.

Passed May 20, 1767. Referred for consideration by the King in Council, December 17, 1767, and allowed to become a law by lapse of time in accordance with the proprietary charter. See Appendix XXVI, Section II, and the Acts of Assembly passed May 27, 1769, Chapter 597; May 16, 1770, Chapter 613; March 9, 1771, Chapter 632.

CHAPTER DLXII.

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT, ENTITLED "AN ACT TO PREVENT THE EXPORTATION OF BAD AND UNMERCHANTABLE STAVES, HEADING, BOARDS AND TIMBER."²

Whereas the act of general assembly of this province, entitled "An act to prevent the exportation of bad and unmerchantable staves, heading, boards and timber,"² has, in sundry respects, been found on experience to require further additions and

¹ Passed February 8, 1766, Chapter 536.

² Passed April 21, 1759, Chapter 439.

amendments in order to preserve the credit of those commodities at foreign markets:

[Section I.] Be it therefore enacted by the Honorable John Penn, Esquire, Lieutenant-Governor under the Honorable Thomas Penn and Richard Penn, Esquires, true and absolute Proprietaries of the Province of Pennsylvania and counties of Newcastle, Kent and Sussex upon Delaware, by and with the advice and consent of the representatives of the freemen of the said Province in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same, That no merchant or other person or persons whatsoever shall, from and after the publication of this act, lade or put on board any ship or vessel any staves, heading, boards, plank or timber for exportation out of this province before he, she or they shall first submit the same to the examination of the officer or one of his deputies appointed or to be appointed in pursuance of the direction of the said recited act for culling of staves and heading, and that at or as near as conveniently may be to the time of such lading or putting the same on board; provided such examination be had and made within forty-eight hours before the actual lading and shipping thereof. And if any merchant or merchants or any other person or persons whatsoever shall offend in the premises, he, she or they shall be liable to the same pains, penalties and forfeitures as are directed to be imposed for shipping of unmerchantable staves and heading by the said recited act.

[Section II.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any exporter of staves or heading shall, after the same have been culled and by the said officer or his deputy adjudged merchantable, willingly or wittingly mix any cullings or unmerchantable staves or heading therewith or suffer the same to be done, every such offender or offenders shall forfeit and pay for every culling or unmerchantable stave or heading so mixed as aforesaid the sum of three pence.

[Section III.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all and every such deputy or deputies shall, within six hours after he or they shall have culled and counted any quantity of staves or heading, make return to his or their principal aforesaid a true and exact account of his or their

transactions therein, under the penalty of one shilling for every hour he shall neglect or refuse so to do, in order that such transactions may be regularly entered in the book directed by the before recited law to be kept by the principal officer aforesaid.

[Section IV.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the penalties and forfeitures imposed by this act shall be recovered, applied and appropriated in the same manner as the penalties and forfeitures inflicted by the said recited act are directed to be recovered, applied and appropriated.

[Section V.] And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the act of general assembly of this province passed in the first year of the reign of His present Majesty, entitled "A supplement to an act, entitled 'An act to prevent the exportation of bad and unmerchantable staves, heading, boards and timber,'" ¹ be and is hereby repealed and declared null and void.

Passed May 20, 1767. Referred for consideration by the King in Council, December 17, 1767, and allowed to become a law by lapse of time in accordance with the proprietary charter. See Appendix XXVI, Section II, and the note to the Act of Assembly passed April 21, 1759, Chapter 439.

CHAPTER DLXIII.

AN ACT FOR CONFIRMING THE ESTATE OF PHILIP FOX IN CERTAIN LANDS MORTGAGED IN THE GENERAL LOAN OFFICE, SOME OF THE TITLE DEEDS WHEREOF THERE DEPOSITED ARE LOST.

Whereas a certain Godfrey Brown, of Wilmington, in the county of Newcastle, yeoman, the seventh day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and fifty, mortgaged all that his messuage, plantation and tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Cheltenham, in the county of Philadelphia, beginning at a stake standing on the westerly side

¹ Passed April 22, 1761, Chapter 469.